

WINGROVE PRIMARY SCHOOL



Policy Statement for Modern Foreign Languages (MFL)

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Intent

At Wingrove Primary School, we view the study of a foreign language as an essential element of a well-rounded education. Language learning is not only a practical skill but also a powerful means of opening pupils' minds to the diverse and interconnected world around them. It enables them to step beyond cultural boundaries, fostering a sense of global citizenship and empathy toward other cultures.

Our MFL curriculum is designed to ignite curiosity, enhance cognitive abilities, and deepen pupils' understanding of the world. By learning another language, our pupils will gain the ability to express themselves, understand others, and engage with different perspectives. We aim to develop their linguistic skills while also nurturing an appreciation of the cultural and historical contexts in which these languages are spoken.

Our primary goal is to provide a high-quality language education that equips pupils with the tools to communicate confidently and competently in a foreign language, whether in speech or writing. Through this, we lay the foundation for lifelong language learning and the potential to study and work in different countries.

Aims

The national curriculum for languages aims to ensure that all pupils:

- Understand and respond to spoken and written language from a variety of authentic sources
- Speak with increasing confidence, fluency and spontaneity, finding ways of communicating what they want to say, including through discussion and asking questions, and continually improving the accuracy of their pronunciation and intonation
- Can write at varying length, for different purposes and audiences, using the variety of grammatical structures that they have learnt
- Discover and develop an appreciation of a range of writing in the language studied.

The National Curriculum

The National Curriculum outlines what must be taught in Key Stage 2. It is not compulsory in Key Stage 1. Teaching must allow pupils to make substantial progress in one language. The teaching should provide an appropriate balance of spoken and written language and should lay the foundations for further foreign language teaching at Key Stage 3. Through discussion with our Key Stage 3 feeder schools, French and Spanish were chosen as the foreign languages taught at Wingrove.

Teaching should enable pupils to understand and communicate ideas, facts and feelings in speech and writing, focused on familiar and routine matters, using their knowledge of phonology, grammatical structures and vocabulary.

Pupils should be taught to:

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link

- the spelling, sound and meaning of words
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others
 - speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
 - develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases
 - present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences
 - read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing
 - appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language
 - broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary
 - write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences
 - describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing
 - understand basic grammar including feminine, masculine and the conjugation of high-frequency verbs; key features and patterns of the language; how to apply these, for instance, to build sentences; and how these differ from or are similar to English.

Implementation

The MFL curriculum at Wingrove is carefully structured to ensure pupils make consistent progress in their chosen language. Our curriculum is designed to be engaging, inclusive, and responsive to the needs of all pupils.

Teaching Strategies:

- **Spiral Curriculum:** The curriculum is designed as a spiral, where key skills and vocabulary are revisited and built upon each year. This approach ensures that learning is cumulative, with pupils deepening their understanding and refining their language skills over time.
- **Interactive Learning:** Lessons are dynamic and interactive, incorporating a variety of teaching methods such as independent tasks, paired and group work, role-play, language games, and detective work. These methods encourage active participation and make learning enjoyable.
- **Differentiation:** Every lesson is differentiated to meet the diverse needs of our pupils. Whether through simplified tasks, additional support, or extended challenges, all pupils are given the opportunity to succeed.

Long, Medium, and Short-Term Planning:

- **Long-Term Planning:** Our long-term plans align with the units of work set by our Trust Schools and the National Curriculum, ensuring a coherent progression of skills and knowledge across the years.
- **Medium-Term Planning:** Each term, we develop medium-term plans that provide an overview of the teaching objectives, content, and assessment strategies for that period.
- **Short-Term Planning:** Weekly lesson plans detail the specific learning objectives, activities, differentiation strategies, and resources needed for each session.

Hispanic Heritage Month enables the whole school to be immersed in the inclusion of the culture and use the language meaningfully in context. Children in Y6 have an international link with a school in France. A residential trip is arranged to visit it as a part of being awarded a Turing Grant.

Cross Curricular Links

At Wingrove, children should be provided with opportunities to develop their skills and understanding of their language through their work in other curriculum areas. Where there is a natural link the language should be included in a cross curricular approach. As the curriculum moves towards a thematic approach, languages and the international dimension will be incorporated into themes.

English

Knowledge about language, development of speaking and listening skills, knowledge and understanding of grammar and sentence construction.

Maths

Numbers and counting in other languages e.g. addition and subtraction facts, the date, telling the time, money and currency, prices and costs, distance and speed, surveys, data collection and analysis.

Science

Environmental factors in different countries, work on parts of the body and life cycles.

ICT

E-mail contacts with schools abroad, materials from the Internet, video and audio, presentation of work and data, word-processing.

Geography

Locate countries where the languages they know are spoken; find similarities and differences in relation to climate, language and culture.

History

Cultural and language activity linked to specific periods of history.

Music

Learning and performing songs in the language, comparing English examples with those of other cultures (e.g. Sur le pont d'Avignon/London Bridge is falling down).

Technology

Designing and making things e.g. houses, classroom objects, puppets.

Art

Display work, learning about the artists of other countries and their paintings.

P.E.

Instructions in the language being learnt.

R.E

International or multicultural work, celebration of festivals, customs, calendars.

PSHCE

Knowledge of other countries and cultures, sensitivity to difference, consideration of 'otherness', the multilingual society, respect for themselves and for others, appreciation of cultural diversity.

Teaching Methods and Approaches

KS2

Excellent accent and intonation is reinforced in every lesson, based on an interactive & communicative approach to teaching, since we believe in a "Talk for writing approach". For that reason, we emphasise the listening and speaking skills over the

reading and writing skills by using multi-sensory and kinaesthetic learning techniques.

Literature Works strategies have been introduced into MFL where learning is based around a text in a foreign language and the text is discussed using the guided reading method of:

Activate Prior Learning - What do you know already?

Predict

Question

Likes and Dislikes

Clarify - Is there anything you don't understand?

Summarise

The children use inference skills to translate the text and work out the meaning. They compile word banks and lists of grammatical features. Through the text study, they are able to create their own picture books in a foreign language.

We use a variety of techniques to encourage pupils to engage actively in Spanish: these include games, role-play, videos, quizzes and songs (particularly action songs). We use ICT, puppets and soft toys to demonstrate the foreign language, and we often use mime to accompany new vocabulary, as this teaches the language with less need for translation.

KS1

In KS1 Spanish is introduced by integrating key vocabulary into the classroom context e.g. greetings, taking the register, giving instructions, giving praise, learning songs or rhymes.

Display

Signs around school are displayed in other languages to develop the children's vocabulary. Following the literature works approach to MFL, children are encouraged to produce materials such as descriptions, letters, books etc which could be used for MFL displays.

Impact

At Wingrove we are continually assessing our pupils and recording their progress. Assessment outcomes are used to inform the next cycle of planning thus ensuring a match of work to the needs of the pupils and ensuring progress.

As children progress through their language learning, they will be assessed in the four areas of speaking, listening, reading and writing and progress will be matched to National Curriculum level descriptors.

The expected impact of teaching MFL is that children will:

- Be able to engage in purposeful dialogue in practical situations and express and opinion
- Demonstrate understanding of spoken language by listening and responding appropriately
- Speak and read aloud with confidence and accuracy in pronunciation
- Use a bilingual dictionary to support their language learning
- Be able to construct short texts on familiar topics

Resources

Resources are ordered by the subject leader and reflect the progression of the children through the units of work. Budget is managed by the subject leader. We have a variety of books, DVDs, flashcards and practical resources to support teaching.

The Monkseaton Complete Course in Primary French, units 1 – 12 is available on the school network and is followed for planning.

Early Start French 1 'Salut ça Va' and Early Start French 2 'Où habites – tu?' publications are in every year group in KS2 to support teaching.

Rigolo is on the school network and is referred to in planning. Twinkl Planit and Rockalingua are also used for teaching Spanish.

Web sites

www.rockalingua.com

www.bbc.co.uk

www.educationcity.co.uk

www.nacell.org.uk

www.cilt.org.uk

Equal Opportunities

As a staff we endeavour to maintain an awareness of, and to provide for, equal opportunities for all pupils. In MFL we want children of all races and backgrounds to enjoy working cooperatively together. We aim to take into account cultural background, gender and any special need, both in our teaching attitudes and in the published materials we use with our pupils. Access and achievement for all groups is promoted, in line with the school's policy on Equal Opportunity, as we want every child to reach his full potential.

Children with Specific Needs (English as an Additional Language or Special Educational Needs)

Wherever possible we aim to fully include all pupils within all lessons so that they benefit from listening and participating with others in demonstration, discussion and explanation. Where necessary teachers will, in consultation with the specialist Inclusion Manager, draw up an individual plan for the child. Where appropriate children may work on an individualised programme with support or specialist staff. Children may also receive targeted support within the classroom.

Specific planning to meet the needs of such children is identified in the teachers' short term planning. This may take the form of simplified or modified tasks or the use of support staff. Where appropriate a group plan is developed with common objectives and learning targets for a group.

More Able Pupils

Children, in nearly all cases will be taught within the appropriate peer group. They are extended through differentiated work. MFL planning incorporates the teaching of all four skills; Speaking, Listening, Reading and Writing. The latter are higher order skills and enable more able children to communicate at a more advanced level.

Homework

Children are not given MFL homework weekly but may be given songs or role-plays to practise out of school from time to time.

